# MAC5 SERIES Digital controller Instruction Manual

Thank you for purchasing SHIMAX product. Please check that heproduct is the one you ordered.Please operate after you read the instruction manual and fully understand it.

#### http://www.shimax.co.jp/

#### Preface

This instruction manual is intended for those who will be involved in wiring, installation, operation and routine maintenance of the MAC5. This manual describes the care, installation, wiring, function, and proper procedures regarding the operation of MAC5. Keep this manual on hand while using this device. Please follow the provided guidance.

#### **1.** Matters regarding safety

For matters regarding safety, potential damage to equipment and/or facilities and additional instructions are indicated as follows:

This mark indicates hazardous conditions that could cause injury or death of personnel. Exercise extreme caution as indicated.

#### **∆**"WARNING<sup>\*</sup>

This mark indicates hazardous conditions that could cause damage to equipment and/or facilities. Exercise extreme caution as indicated.

#### **A**"CAUTION"

OThis mark indicates additional instructions and/or notes.

### NOTE **∆"WARNING"-**

MAC5 is designed for controlling temperature, humidity, and other physical subjects in general

industrial facilities. It must not be used in any way that may adversely affect safety, health, or working conditions.

# **A**"CAUTION" -

To avoid damage to the connected equipment, facilities or the product itself due to a fault of this instrument, safety countermeasures must be taken before usage, such as proper installation of the fuse and the overheating protection device. No warranty, expressed or implied, is valid in the case of usage without having implemented proper safety countermeasures.

# **∆"WARNING**"

- The A mark on the plate affixed to the instrument: On the terminal nameplate affixed to the case of your instrument, the A mark is printed. This is to warn you of the risk of electrical shock which may result if the charger is touched while it is energized.
- The external power circuit connected to the power terminal of this instrument must have a means of turning off the power, such as a switch or breaker. Install the switch or breaker adjacent to the instrument in a position which allows it to be operated with ease, and with an indication that it is a means of turning off the power. Use a switch or breaker, which meets the requirements of IEC127.
- Fuse:

Since the instrument does not have a built-in fuse, do not forget to install a fuse in the power circuit to be connected to the power terminal. The fuse should be positioned between the switch or breaker and the instrument and should be attached to the L side of the power terminal. Fuse Rating: 250V AC 0.5A/medium lagged or lagged type.

Fuse Rating: 250V AC 0.5A/medium lagged or lagged Use a fuse which meets the requirements of IEC127

• Load voltage/current to be connected to the output terminal and the alarm terminal should be within the rated range. Otherwise, the temperature will rise and shorten the life of the product and/or result in problems with the product.

- Voltage/current that differs from input specification should not be connected to the input terminal. It may shorten the life of the product and/or result in problems with the product.
- Input, output of voltage pulse, and output of electric current are not insulated. Therefore, do not ground an adjusted power terminal when a ground sensor is employed.
- A signal wire's common mode voltage to ground (signal wires other than contact output including power supply and event) should be less than 30V rms, 42.4V peak, and 60 VDC.

# A"CAUTION" ·

- All the wires for the interior distribution, except for communication and contact output (including power supply and event), should be less than 30m in length. When the wire's length is 30m or more, or in the case of outdoor wiring, the suitable measure against a lightning surge is required.
- EMC standard (IEC61326) classifies MAC5 into Class A apparatus. Electromagnetic interference may occur when MAC5 is used at a business district or in the home. Please use after taking sufficient measures.

# 2. Introduction

#### 2-1. Check before use

Before using MAC5, please check the model code, the exterior appearance and accessories. Also, make sure that there are no errors, impairs and shortages. Confirmation of model code: Check that the product you ordered is being delivered properly.

Check the model code of the main body case against the following code table.

Example of model	code			
$\frac{MAC5A}{1} \frac{M}{2}$	$- \frac{C}{3} \frac{F-}{4} \frac{E}{5} \frac{C}{6}$			
Item				
1. Series	MAC5A-: 96×96mm size digital controller			
	MAC5B-: 48×96mm size digital controller			
	MAC5C: 72×72mm size digital controller			
	MAC5D-: 48×48mm size digital controller			
2. Input	M: multi,			
3. Control Output 1	C: contact, S: voltage pulse, I: current (4~20mA),			
4. Power Supply	F-: 90 - 264V AC,			
5. Event Output	5. Event Output E: Event Output 1 • 2 (two points)			
6. Control Output 2 · E	event Output · Optional Selection of DI			
	N-: none, C-: contact, S-: voltage pulse, *1			
	E-: Event Output 3(one point),			
	D-: external control input (DI4) one point			
	*1 "S" can not be instulled Out1 "S" or "I"			

Check of accessories Instruction manual: 1 set, 1 unit label 1 set

「NOTE」:	Please contact our agencies or business offices if you have any problem.
	We welcome any kind of inquiry such as defect of the product, shortage of accessory and so on.

#### 2-2. Caution for use

(1) Do not operate the front panel keys with hard or sharp objects.

- Do not fail to touch keys lightly with a fingertip.
- (2) Wipe gently with a dry rag and avoid using solvents such as thinner.

# 3. Installation and wiring

#### **3-1. Installation site (environmental conditions)**

#### - 🖄 "CAUTION" -

Do not use this product under the following conditions. Otherwise, failure, damage and fire may occur.

- (1) Where flammable gas, corrosive gas, oil mist or dust generate or grow rife.
- (2) Where the temperature is below -10°C or above 55°C
- (3) Where the humidity is over 90%RH or where condensation occurs.
- (4) Where high vibration or impact occurs
- (5) Where inductive interference may easily affect the operation. Or, in the region of strong electric circuit area.
- (6) Where waterdrops or direct sunlight exists.
- (7) Where the altitude is above 2,000m.

[NOTE]: The environmental conditions comply with the IEC664. Installation category isII and the pollution degree is 2.

# 3-2. Mounting

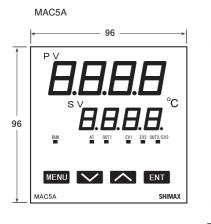
(1) Machine the mounting hole by referring to the panel-cut illustration in Section

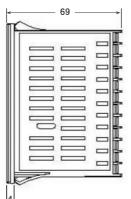
3-3. (2) Applicable thickness of the mounting panel is  $1.2 \sim 2.8$ mm.

(3) As this product provides mounting fixture, insert the product into the panel.

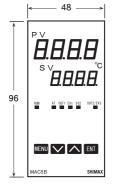
# 3-3. External dimension and panel cutout

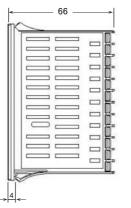
MAC5 external dimensions (unit : mm)



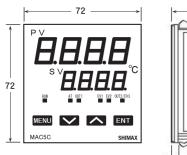


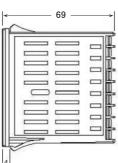
MAC5B



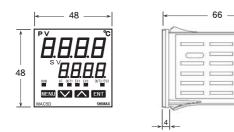


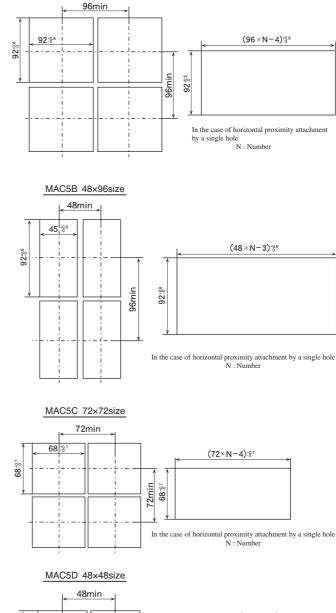
MAC5C





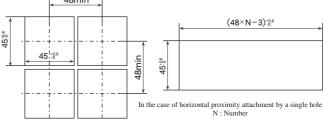
MAC5D





MAC5 panel cutout (unit : mm)

MAC5A 96×96size



「NOTE」: Proximity attachment by a single hole is possible only in the case of horizontal direction. When an apparatus that was attached in vertical direction is removed,

a dedicated detachment tool is required.

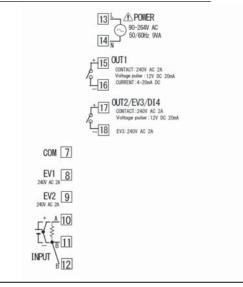
### 3-4. Wiring

# - Æ"WARNING"

- Do not turn on electricity while wiring to avoid an electric shock.
   Do not touch a terminal or live part while turning on electricity.
- (1) Make sure that wiring operation is properly done in line with a terminal wire (2) Choose a suitable compensation lead wire in the case of thermocouple input.
- (3) In the case of resistance bulb input, resistance value of each lead wire must be less than 5 $\Omega$  and that of three lead wires must be equal.
- (4) Do not wires an input signal line inside of an electric wire pipe or a duct same with the high voltage line.
- (5) Shield wiring (single point grounding) is effective against static induction noise. (6) Wiring twisted at equal short intervals is effective against electromagnetic induction noise.

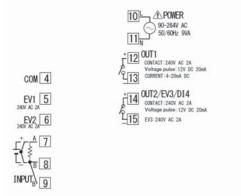
#### 3-5. Terminal arrangement diagram

3-5. Terminal arrangement plan of MAC5A and MAC5B



# 「NOTE」: If input type is thermocouple or voltage, errors may occur when terminal 11 and terminal 12 terminal are short-circuited





# 「NOTE」: If input type is thermocouple or voltage, errors may occur when terminal 8 and terminal 9 terminal are short-circuited

Terminal arrangement plan of MAC5D

COM 1	POWER
EV1 240V AC 24	8 N 50/60Hz 9VA
$\frac{EV2}{240V AC 2A}$	CURRENT:4-20mA DC
	CONTACT: 240V AC 2A Votage pulse: 12V DC 20eA

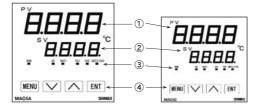
「NOTE」: If input type is thermocouple or voltage, errors may occur when terminal 5 and terminal 6 terminal are short-circuited

# 4. Description of front panel

### 4-1. Names of front panel.

MAC5A 96×96size front

MAC5C 72×72size front



#### **4-2.** Explanation of front panel section

- ① : Display of measured value (PV) (red) Measured value (PV) and type of setting is displayed on each setting screen.
- 2 : Display of target value (SV) (green)
  - Target value and set value are displayed on each setting screen.
- ③: Monitor LED
- (1) RUN monitor LED RUN (green) If RUN is performed with RUN key, operation model screen, external control input (DI), and communication, it lights up, and put out by standby. It blinks, if a manual output is chosen in output monitoring screen or external control input (DI).
- (2) Auto tuning operation monitor LED AT (green) If AT is chosen in ON or external control input (DI), blinks during AT execution. Lights up when AT is on standby, and puts out with AT automatic termination or release.
- (3) control out put 1 monitor LED OUT1 (green) At the time of a contact or a voltage pulse output, the it lights up with ON and lights off with OFF. Lights off with 0% power output, and lights up with 100% power.

And blinks in intermediate ratio.

- (4) Event output monitors LED EV1 and EV2 (yellow) Lights up when the allotted event output turns to ON.
- (5) Control out put 2/event output 3 monitors LED OUT2/EV3 (yellow) When control output 2 is chosen, it operates like control output 1 monitor LED does.

When event output 3 is chosen, it operates like event output monitor LED does.

#### ④: Key-switch section

(1) IN (MENU) key

Press this key to move onto the next screen among the screens. Press  $\fbox{(MENU)}$  key for three seconds on the basic screen, then it jumps to the lead screen of Mode 1. Press  $\fbox{(MENU)}$  key for three seconds on the lead screen of each Mode screens, then it jumps to the basic screen. Press  $\fbox{(MENU)}$  key for three seconds on the lead screen of FIX, then it jumps to the basic screen.

#### (2) (DOWN) key

Press (DOWN) key one time, and the shown value decreases by one numerical value.

One time press of  $\overline{\mathbf{N}}$  key decreases by one numerical value. By pressing the key continuously, the value as well consecutively decreases. A decimal point of the smallest digit blinks at this time. This shows that a setting change is in progress.

#### (3) (UP) key

Press  $\square$  (UP) key one time, and the shown value increases by one numerical value.

By pressing continuously, the value By pressing the key continuously, the value consecutively increases. A decimal point of the smallest digit blinks at this time. This shows that a setting change is in progress. key between lead screen in each mode screens.

#### (4) ENT (ENTRY/REGISTER) key

The setting data changed on each screen is determined (the decimal point of the minimum digit is also lighted off). Press I key for 3 seconds on the output monitoring screen, then the shift between manual output and automatic output is carried out. Press the key for 3 seconds on the basic screen, then it shifts to FIX head screen.

Push at FIX and each mode screens' lead screen, then shifts to setting screen.

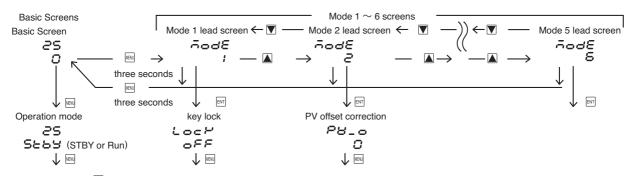
#### 5. Description of screens

#### 5-1. How to move to another screen

#### Basic Screen

25 -G ← I 3 seconds - SEE

Press the End key for 3 seconds on a basic screen, then it shifts to the lead screen of FC 4 (constant value control) setting screens. Press the End key for 3 seconds on F25 the lead screen of setting screens, then it shifts to the basic screen. The shift is also possible when the F25 is chosen on the operation mode 2 screen.



Every time you press the Ind key on a basic screen, it shifts to each screen of the basic screens

Press the we key for 3 seconds on a basic screen, then it shifts to the lead screen of mode 1 screens.

Press the 📓 key on the lead screen of mode 1 screens , then it further advances to mode 2, and mode 3. (Notes: If no corresponding option is found, the mode 4 - 9 is skipped) Press the 👿 key on the lead screen of mode 1 screens, then it further advances to mode 9, and mode 8. (Notes: If no corresponding option is found, the mode 4 - 9 is skipped) Press the key for 3 seconds on the lead screen of mode  $1 \sim 9$  screens, then it shifts to the basic screen. Press the key on the lead screen of mode  $1 \sim 9$  screens, then it shifts to the first setting screen of each screens.

Press the 🔤 key on the the first setting screen of each screens, then it shifts to the next screen. Every time you press the 🖼 key, it shifts to the next setting screen.

#### 5-2. Setting Method

To change settings, display an appropriate screen and change the setting (value or function) by pressing  $\Delta$  or  $\nabla$  key. On the output monitor screen of basic screens, you can change the control output from "Automatic" to "manual", and save its change of setting. Display the output monitor screen, and then press  $\mathbb{R}^{d}$  key for three seconds to shift from Automatic to Manual. Then by pressing  $\Delta$  or  $\nabla$  key, you can adjust to the desirable output value. In this case, no need to press Ev key in order to determine the change of setting.

Press in key for three seconds as well to shift back to Automatic. Excluding when a keylock is OFF, Automatic Automatic Automatic Automatic STBY and AT are in operation.

In the case of two-output type, the switchover between automatic and manual is operatable through output 1 and output 2. The setting is altered simultaneously.

Output monitor		Output monit	or	0	utput monitor	
25		25			25	
, 100 <u>0</u>	← ENT three seconds -	→ ' <i>:00</i> .0	🕻 🛕 or 💌	$\rightarrow$	' 5 <u>0</u> 0	
Automatic screen	RUN lamp lights up	Manual screen	RUN lamp blinks		Manual screen	RUN lamp blinks

#### 5-3. Power-on and initial screen display

At power-on, the display section shows each screen of initial screens for one second, then moves on to the basic screen.

8.8.8.8.	in i	0	0061		0082	25	
«Power-on» $\rightarrow$ 8888	$\rightarrow$ $_{P2}$	$_{i200} \rightarrow$	с — С	$\rightarrow$	C	$\rightarrow$ 0	
All LED light up	Input type Upp	per limit & lower limit of r	neasuring range *1 Out	t 1 type	*2 Out 2 type	Basic screen	
	<b>⊆</b> ∶Cor	ntact S:Voltage pulse	Current	*1 *2	This is the displ	ay when 🕻 : contact is	s choosen.
				*2 Ou	tput 2 Displays	only optional addition.	

### 5-4. Explanation of each screen

#### (1) Basic Screens Basic Screen Choose **5≿≿∀** by **v** key, Decide by **b** key, hen Monitor LED's 25 Executed SV initial value: Sensor input 0 RUN lights off and becomes control stop [Output OFF (0%)] Linear input Lower limit of scaring range conducting. 0 Setting range: Sensor input Within measuring range Priority is given to DI when RUN is allotted to external control Linear input With in scaring range input. DI Key operation cannot be performed unless allotment is Within SV limiter besides canceled Targeted value (PV) is displayed on the upper row as four-digit ,and When measuring range, a unit, scaling, and output characteristics are changed it is initialized a SEBB is displayed. wenu key target d value (SV) is displayed on the lower row also as four-digit. (Notes:hereinafter, measured value and targeted value are referred to as "PV" and "SV" Output 1 monitoring screen At the time of FIX, execution SV is displayed and change of setting is 25 manual output setting range : 0.0-100.0% (within output limiter) possible. At the time of automatic output, monitor display only. 100.0 Refer to Item 5-2 about automatic manual switchover, and setting method at the time of manual operation. Operation Mode screen A manual output is canceled when an operation mode is made into 25 Initial value: **5EBB** (stanby) (Initial value at the time of constant SEBY. NBN kev value control) SEBY When a power source is intercepted and re-switched on, it returns Setting range: SEBB Control stop [Output OFF (0%)] operation to the condition just before intercepting. $r \cup r$ conduct of control operation wenu kev Choose - un (RUN) by key. Decide by ENT key, then Monitor LED's RUN lights up to start control operation.

PID No. monitoring screen (2) FIX (constant value control) setting screens 25 At the time of no program option and with program option and FCS is chosen Chosen PID No. is displayed when FIX is in operation. 1\_59 on Action mode2 screen of basic screens, lead screen of FIX setting screens is PID No. of output 1 is displayed in the first digital, and PID No. of output 2 is displayed when ENT key is pressed for 3 seconds. displayed in the third digital. The third digital is shown as - when there is no If ENT key is pressed for 3 seconds on lead screen, it returns to basic screen. output 2 option. www.kev hasic screen lead screen of FIX setting This screen is not displayed in the state of STBY (RST). - ENT three seconds →*Fこ*ら 25  $\square$ 4 - 58H Execution SV setting screen FIX lead screen F\_S8 Initial value: : RCN Setting range: 1, 2, 3, 4 1 SEE wew key No setting on this screen. Press ENT key, then it shifts to the first setting screen SV1 setting screen. ENT key AT (Auto Tuning) execution screen J 88 Initial value: oFF SV1 setting screen OFF Setting range: oFF.on SHI Initial value : At the time of sensor input 0  $\square$ linear input time scaling lower limit AT is performed by ON selection ,and canceled by OFF selection. Setting range: sensor input time within measuring range Not displayed at the time of STBY, a manual output, and P MENU key linear input time within scaling range (proportional band) =OFF. Moreover, within limit of SV limiter. Except in the setting of keylock OFF, AT is unable to perform in scale over. (At the time of DI allotment, execution of AT by DI can be performed.) When SV1 is Execution SV, being reflected in basic screen. key Even in such a case, halfway release is performed on this screen. Being initialized when measuring range, unit, and scaling are changed. Release of AT, STBY, EV operating point, setting of keylock, and mode 5  $\sim$  9screen are operateable with key. Except in th setting of AT normal end, execution of AT is canceled SV1 output1 PID No. setting screen 10 19 compulsorily at the time of STBY selection and AT release setup. Initial value : 1 Setting range : 1, 2, 3 1 EV1 (event 1) operating-point setting screen When SV1 is Execution SV, PID No. that will be used for control of MENU kev **EB** / Initial value: upper limit absolute value measuring range Scaling upper output 1 is chosen from  $1 \sim 3$ . 1200 lower limit absolute value measuring range Scaling lower limit upper limit deviation 2000 SV1 output2 PID No. setting screen 102P lower limit deviation **-1999** Initial value : 1 within deviation  $\square$ Setting range : 1, 2, 3 1 outside deviation 2000 When SV1 is Execution SV, PID No. that will be used for control of Setting range: upper limit absolute value within measuring range within scaling MENU key output 2 is chosen from  $1 \sim 3$ . lower limit absolute value within measuring range within scaling limit Displayed when output 2 option is added. upper limit deviation -1999~2000 unit SV2 ~ 4 setting screen MENU key lower limit deviation -7999~2000 unit ↓ wew key Contents are the same with EV1 within upper-lower limit deviation 2~2000 unit outside upper-lower limit deviation 0~2000 unit Return to FIX lead screen The operating point of the alarm type allotted to EV1 is set up. ((3) Mode 1 screens key lock and SV limiter Setting No option, No display when non, So, run, are allotted to EV1. The operation mode of each deviation alarm is -un. Mode 1 lead screen Effective at the time of automatic output, ñodE Press we key for 3 seconds on basic screen, then displayed Each deviation alarm serves as PV's deviation to Execution SV. No setting on this screen. Press the ENT key, then it shifts to the first ⊥ ∎∎ key Event operation other than each deviation alarm is always effective. setting screen, keylock setting screen. EV2 (event 2) operating-point setting screen Keylock setting screen EHP LOCH Initial value : oFF Initial value, setting range, contents are the same with EV1 OFF Setting range : oFF, 1,2,3,4 wenu key I Only change of Execution SV (basic screen) and keylock is possible. wew key Possible to change numerical value value manualy, and key lock levelOnly change of a keylock is possible. Latching release screen LRCH Initial value: -58 / └ Only change of a keylock is possible. (same as No.3) - SE 1 Setting range: -5E / release EV1 Notes : Even when keylock is set as 1 and 2, manual output value is -SE2 release EV2 possible to change. -SEB release EV3 NENU key SV limiter lower limit setting screen RLL release all EVs at a time SBLL Initial value : measuring range lower limit On the latching setting screen of each EV mode, -5E and RLL which Setting range : measuring range lower limit value~measuring range chose on are displayed. If latching is on once EV is outputted, EV 0 upper limit value -1 and **BLP** (SV display turn off) output state is maintained even if EV is in the state of OFF. When EV is in a latching state, decimal point of the minimum digit blinks, and it MBN key Lower limit value of target value is set . shows that release of EV is possible. If Evr key is pressed, EV is released When upper limit value is smaller than lower limit value, the value and a decimal point lights off. compulsorily becomes lower limit value +1. However, release is impossible when a state is in EV power range. When you choose **L** P pressing **v** at lower limit value, the SV display turn off at basic screen. But it will turn on at the setting screen. EV3 (event 3) is dsplayed when being added as optional option 883 SV limiter upper limit value setting screen Initial value, setting range, contents are the same with EV1 0 58\_H Initial value : measuring range upper limit החקו Setting range : SV limiter lower limit value +1~ measuring range Return to basic screen upper limit value wew key Setting upper limit value of target value is set.

5

Return to mode1 lead screen.

# (4) Mode 2 screens Scale and PV setting

Mode 2 lea	de arcon	
FodE	Press $\blacktriangle$ key in model lead screen, or press $\blacktriangledown$ key in mode3 lead screen, then being displayed.	
ENT key	If [m] key is pressed, it shifts to the first setting screen PV offset correction screen.	
PV offset c	orrection (PV bias) setting screen	
Р8-0 0	Initial value : 0 S etting range : $-500 \sim 500$ Digits	
key	Used for correction of input errors such as sensor. If offset correction is performed, control is also performed with the corrected value.	
⊃V gain co	rrection setting screen	
Р8_С 0.00	Initial value : 0.00 Setting range : ±5.00%	
wew key	Maximum input value is corrected within limit of $\pm 5.00\%$ of measuring range.	
$\downarrow$	If corrected, inclination of spang changes in straight line which connects zero point and correction maximum value.	
PV filter se	tting screen	*1
Р8_F 0	Initial value : 0 Setting range : 0 ~ 9999 seconds	
MENU key	When input change is violent or noise is overlapped, used in order to ease the influences.	
	In 0 second setting, filter does not function.	
v ■ Wesuring r	ange setting screen	
-8-6 2 1	Initial value: multi <i>H2</i> , voltage <i>B i</i> , current <i>AR i</i> Setting range: Chosen from 5-5.measuring range code table.	
WENU key	Combination of input type and measuring range is set by code.	
	re unit setting screen	
Unite c	Initial value : C Setting range : C S	
wenu key	The temperature unit at the time of a sensor input is set up from $\boldsymbol{c}$ (°C), $\boldsymbol{F}$ (°F).	
	Not displayed when the linear input is chosen.	
✓ nout scalir	ng lower limit value setting screen	
Sell	Initial value : 0.0	
0.0	Setting range : -1999 $\sim$ 9989 digits	
WENU key	Scaling lower limit value at the time of linear input is set up.	
nput scalir	ng upper limit value setting screen Initial value : 100.0	
1000	Setting range : -1989 $\sim$ 9999 digits	
	Scaling upper limit value at the time of linear input is set up.	
WENU key	NOTE: Suppose that the difference between a lower limit value and upper limit value is 10 or less,or over 10,000. In this setting, upper limit value is computorily changed into that of +10 or ±	
	10000 digits. Upper limit value cannot be set as lower limit value of +10 digits or less,or that of over 10,000 digits.	
↓ Input scalir	ng Decimal point position Setting screen	
ар 0,0	Initial value : the first place after decimal point $(0.0)$ Setting range : no decimal point $0 \sim$ the third place after decimal point	
	(0.000) Decimal point position of input scaling is set .	
VENU key	NOTE: The screen of input scaling serves as a monitor at the time of a sensor input.	
	Setting change cannot be performed.	 *1
↓ Return to	mode 2 lead screen.	*1
(5) Mod	le 3-4 screen Out 1, Out 2 setting	
	a di sense su	

Output 1 PID1 proportional-band (P) setting screen

	01 proportional-band (P) setting screen
1_P 1 30	Initial value : $3.0\%$ Setting range : OFF, $0.1 \sim 999.9\%$
WENU Key	When performing auto tuning, no necessity for a setting basically. If OFF is chosen, it becomes ON-OFF (two positions) operation.
	01 Integral time (I) setting screen
ו ב_ו ופט	Initial value : 120 seconds Setting range : 0FF, 1 $\sim$ 6000 seconds
vew key	When performing auto tuning, no necessity for a setting basically. This screen is not displayed at the time of ON-OFF operation. Becomes P operation or PD operation in I=OFF setting.
Output 1 PIE	01 Derivative time (D) setting screen
1_8 1 30	Initial value : 30 second Setting range : 0FF, $1 \sim 3600$ seconds
key	When performing auto tuning, no necessity for a setting basically. This screen is not displayed at the time of ON-OFF operation. Becomes P operation or PI operation in D=OFF setting.
$\downarrow$	
Output1 PID	1 manual reset setting screen Initial value : 0.0 Setting range : -50.0~50.0%
	The offset correction at the time of I = OFF ( P operation,PD operation])
vew key	is performed. This screen is not displayed at the time of ON-OFF operation.
Output 1 PIE	01 differential-gap setting screen
iar i S	Initial value : 5
1	Setting range : $1 \sim 999$ unit The differential gap at the time of ON-OFF operation is set.
wew key	Displayed at the time of P=OFF ( ON-OFF operation) setup.
	1 minimum limiter setting screen
	Initial value : 0.0 Setting range : $0.0 \sim 99.9\%$
0,0	Output lower limit value of output 1 PID1 is set up.
wew key	NOTE: At the time of STBY and scale over output, limiter value is disregarded.
$\downarrow$	
	01 maximum limiter setting screen
' <sub>6</sub> н I 1000	Initial value : 100.0 Setting range : output limiter lower limiter values $+0.1 \sim 100.0\%$
key	Upper limit value of output 1 PID1 is set .
↓ ↓	
	02 proportional band (P) setting screen Initial value : 3.0%
3.0	Setting range : OFF, $0.1 \sim 999.9\%$
WENU key	Content is the same with output 1 PID1.
• Output 1 PIE	02 integral-time (I) setting screen
1_22	Initial value : 120 seconds
120 1	Setting range : 0FF, $1 \sim 6000$ seconds
wew key	Contents is the same with output 1 PID1.
Output 1 PIE	D2 derivative-time (D) setting screen Initial value : 30 seconds
30	Setting range : 0FF, $1 \sim 3600$ seconds
₩ENU key	Contents is the same with output 1 PID1.
	2 manual reset setting screen
15-2	Initial value : $0.0$ Setting range : $-50.0 \sim 50.0\%$
key	Contents is the same with output 1 PID1.
• Output 1 PID:	2 differential gap setting screen
1882	Initial value : 5
s د	Setting range : 5~999 unit Contents is the same with output 1 PID1.
wew key ↓	Contents is the same with output 1 1 ID1.
-	

 Image: Set is pressed, it similates to the first setting screen, output 1

 proportional band

 setting screen. In this screens, PID which can be used in output 1, 1~3

 related Items and soft start of output 1, and proportional period output characteristics are set up.

No setup If Err key is pressed, it shift to the first setting screen, output 1

Mode 3 lead screen

Output 1 PID2 minimum limiter setting screen 1022 Initial value : 0.0 Setting range : 0.0~99.9% 0.0 Contents is the same with output 1 PID1. WENU key Output 1 PID2 maximum limiter setting screen IGH2 Initial value : 100.00 1000 Setting range : output limiter lower limit value +0.1  $\sim$  100.0% key Contents is the same with output 1 PID1. Output 1 PID3 proportional band (P) setting screen 1\_23 Initial value : 3.0% Setting range : OFF,  $0.1 \sim 999.9\%$ 3.0 key Contents is the same with output 1 PID1. Output 1 PID3 integral-time (I) setting screen 1223 Initial value: 120 seconds Setting range: 0FF,  $1 \sim 6000$  seconds 120 key Contents is the same with output 1 PID1 & 2. Output 1 PID3 derivative time (D) setting screen 1\_d3 Initial value : 30 seconds 30 Setting range : 0FF,  $1 \sim 3600$  seconds key Contents is the same with output 1 PID1. \*1 Output 1 PID3 manual reset setting screen 18-3 Initial value : 0.0 0.0 Setting range : -50.0~50.0% Contents is the same with output 1 PID1. 🛛 key Output 1 PID3 differential gap setting screen 18F3 Initial value : 5 Setting range : 1~999 unit S WENU key Contents is the same with output 1 PID1. Output 1 PID3 minimum limiter setting screen IOL3 Initial value : 0.0 Setting range : 0.0~99.9% 0.0 key Contents is the same with output 1 PID1. Output 1 PID3 maximum limiter setting screen INHR Initial value : 100.0 1000 Setting range : output limiter lower limit values +0.1~100.0% key Contents is the same with output 1 PID1 & 2. Output 1 soft starting time setting screen ISOF Initial value : OFF oFF Setting range : OFF, 0.5~120.0 seconds (setting resolution 0.5 second) This is the function that eases change of output at the time of a power-on and startup. WENU key Does not function at the time of OFF setup. Output 1 proportional periodic time setting screen 1\_00 Initial value: Contact output 30.0 seconds Voltage pulse output 3.0 seconds 300 Setting range: 0.5~120.0 seconds (setting resolution 0.5 second) Proportional periodic time of output 1 is set. wew key Not displayed when output 1 is current. Output 1 characteristics setting screen IREE Initial value: - 8 -8 Setting range: - R . dR Characteristics of control output is chosenfrom - ? (heating NENU key characteristics) and  $\mathbf{d}\mathbf{R}$  (cooling characteristics)  $\mathbf{1}$ Mode 4 Out 2 setting screen ñodE Displayed when being added as optional option Out 2 ч contents are the same with out 1 venu key Return to mode 3 lead screen Output 2 PID1 dead-band setting screen \*2 2921 Initial value : 0 ō.ō setting range : -1999~5000 unit key Output 2's operation zone to output 1 is set with dead-band. \*2 is avaiable at Out 2. setting screen in stead of \*1

#### 000 No allotment Ld Minimum deviation alarm HR Upper limit absolute value alarm Гd Within deviation alarm LR Lower limit absolute value alarm Without deviation alarm 00 50 Scale over alarm -unRUN signal нв Maximum deviation alarm \* Being initialized if measuring range, scaling, and unit are changed \* Deviation alarm is possible to output at the time of RUN+AUTO In other events, output is always possible. Event 1 differential-gap setting screen 8128 Initial value : 5Digits Setting range : 1~999 Digits S ON-OFF differential gap of event 1 is set . Not displayed, when the event 1 mode are as follows. key non.Solrun. Change in measuring range, scaling, unit, and the event 1 mode make it initialize. Event 1 standby operation setting screen E 1\_S oFF Initial value: oFF Setting range: oFF, 1,2 oFF : No standby operation, *I*: standby-operation only at the time of a power-on. 2: Standby-operation in the following cases. ; At the time of power-on. When each alarm's operating point is changed, 🛛 key non.So.run. initialize.

(6) Mode 5 screens EVENT setting

No setup.

setting screen.

Event 1 operation-mode setting screen

Initial value : non

Type

Event type character table

is not added.

Mode 5 lead screen ñodE

ļs

ENT key

E 1. 6

000

NENU key

Character

Mode 5 screens is the setup screens of event option. Not displayed when option

Press [N] key, it shifts to the first setting screen, event 1 operation-mode

Setting range : Chosen from event type character table.

Character

Type

Event type allotted to event 1 is chosen from character table.

When deviation alarm's SV is performed, When RUN/STBY (RST) is switched, When AUTO/MAN is switched. Not displayed, when the event 1 mode are as follows. ; Change in measuring range, scaling, unit, and the event 1 mode make it Event 1 latching setting screen EILL Initial value : oFF oFF Setting range : oFF.oo WENU key When latching is set as no once event is output, even if event is OFF state event output state is held. Not displayed when event 1 mode is non. Being initialized if measuring range, scaling, and unit are changed. Event 1 output characteristics setting screen E 1\_8 Initial value : no Setting range : no.nc 00 Output characteristics event 1 is chosen from  $\neg \circ$  : normal open, wenu key nc : normal closing. Not displayed when event 1 mode is non. NOTE: If ne is chosen, relay turns to ON about 1.8 seconds later when power source is switched on, and turns to OFF in event output range. Event 2 operation mode setting screen 6815 Initial value : non 000 Setting range : Chosen from event type character table. MENU key Type allotted to event 2 should be chosen from character table. Change in measuring range, scaling, unit, and the event 1 mode make it initialize. Event 2 differential-gap setting screen 8210 Initial value: 5digit

#### Setting range:1~999 digit S Contents is the same with output 1 PID1. wew key The same as event 1.

Event 2 standby operation setting screen	5-5	. Measu	ring range	code tab	le	
82_5 Initial value : oFF					Measureing Range	
oFF Setting range : oFF, 1,2		Input	Туре	Code	Unit Code 🗲 (°C)	Unit Code <i>F</i> (°
The same as event 1.			R	- 1	0 ~1700	0 ~3100
↓ Event 2 latching setting screen			К	P I	-199.9~ 400.0	-300 ~ 700
			К	r2	0 ~1200	0 ~2200
off Setting range : off.on			К	<i>2</i> 2	0.0~ 300.0	$0 \sim 600$
			К	рч	0.0~ 800.0	0 ~1500
key The same as event 1.			J	ا ل	0 ~ 600	0 ~1100
✓ Event 2 output characteristics setting screen		Thermo	J	JS	0.0~ 600.0	0 ~1100
E2_R Initial value: 00		Couple	Т	ر ع	-199.9~ 200.0	$-300 \sim 400$
Setting range : 00,00			E	E (	0 ~ 700	0 ~1300
key The same as event 1.			S	S I	0 ~1700	0 ~3100
$\checkmark$			*5 U	υı	-199.9~ 200.0	$-300 \sim 400$
Event 3 Displayed when being added as optional option event 3			N	<u> </u>	0 ~1300	0 ~2300
contents are the same with event 1-2			*1 B	51	0 ~1800	0 ~3300
wew key			*3 Wre5-26	5-28	0 ~2300	0 ~4200
Return to mode 5 lead screen	м		*4 PLII	PL2	0 ~1300	0 ~2300
	u			P 1	-200 ~ 600	-300 ~1100
((7) Mode 6 screens)	ť			P2	-100.0~ 200.0	-150.0~ 400.0
Mode 6 screens is the setup screens of external control input (DI4) option.	i		*6	P3	0.0~ 100.0	0.0~ 200.0
Not displayed when option is not added.	1		*6	рч	-50.0~ 50.0	- 60.0~ 120.0
DI input is a no-voltage contact or open collector	n p			PS	-100.0~ 300.0	-150.0~ 600.0
Mode 6 lead screen	u t	Registere	e Bulb Pt100	<i>P</i> 6	-199.9~ 300.0	$-300 \sim 600$
δοσξ         No setup.           δ         Press Im key, it shifts to the first setting screen, DI 4 mode setting screen.	Ľ	nesisiano		P7	-199.9~ 600.0	-300 ~1100
				P8	$0\sim 250$	$0 \sim 500$
™ key				JP I	-200 $\sim$ 500	-300 $\sim$ 900
DI 4 mode setting screen				JP2	-100.0~ 200.0	-150.0~ 400.0
Notes: Apart from DI 4 is displayed when being added as additional option.			*6	JP3	0.0~ 100.0	0.0~ 200.0
dy_A Initial value : 000			*6	JPY	- 50.0~ 50.0	- 60.0~ 120.0
Setting range : Chosen from DI operation character table.				JPS	-100.0~ 300.0	-150.0~ 600.0
key Choose DI operation that is allotted to DI 4 from character table.				JPS	-199.9~ 300.0	-300 $\sim$ 600
				רפנ	-199.9~ 500.0	-300 $\sim$ 900
Return to mode 6 lead screen				JP8	$0 \sim 250$	$0 \sim 500$
		Volatage(m	N)*7 0∼ 10	ā (		
			aa			

#### DI operation character table and restrictions concerning DI

DI operation character table

DI character	Operation type	Input detection	Contents
	No allotment		
581	1st SV	level	With closed DI terminal Execution SV=1nd SV
582	2nd SV	level	With closed DI terminal Execution SV=2nd SV
583	3rd SV	level	With closed DI terminal Execution SV=3rd SV
584	4th SV	level	With closed DI terminal Execution SV=4th SV
	control RUN	level	RUN with closed DI terminal, STBY with open one
-8A	manual input	level	Manual with closed DI terminal, auto with open one
85	auto tuning	edge	AT-start with rise edge
LL-S	latching release	level	All latching are released by rise edg
Loch	super key lock	level	Super keylock with closed DI terninal Release With Opened

• When  $\mathcal{B}$  is allotted to, release in the middle of AT operation is performed, AT is released.

- While AT is performed, if STBY or a manual output is performed, AT is released.
- Even when a keylock is not OFF, conducting of DI is effective.
- Operation allotted to DI takes priority over DI. Key operation cannot be performed.
- EXecution of DI operation is possible to perform. But neither release of AT nor numerical change of SV and manual output is possible to perform.
- In DI input, 5VDC 0.5mA is impressed. Use endurable switch, transistor and so on.
- Wiring distance of DI should be less than 30m.

#### 5-5. Measuring rangecode table

8 8				Measureing Range			
Input Type		Code	Unit Code 🗲 (°C)	Unit Code <i>F</i> (°F)			
	R		c 1	0 ~1700	0 ~3100		
		K	ы	-199.9~ 400.0	-300 ~ 700		
		K	<i>24</i>	0 ~1200	0 ~2200		
		K	- 23	0.0~ 300.0	0 ~ 600		
		K	 24	0.0~ 800.0	0 ~1500		
		J	ا ت	0 ~ 600	0 ~1100		
	Thermo	J	 SL	0.0~ 600.0	0 ~1100		
	Couple	Т	E 1	-199.9~ 200.0	-300 ~ 400		
		E	ε,	0 ~ 700	0 ~1300		
		S	S /	0 ~1700	0 ~3100		
		*5 U	- U I	-199.9~ 200.0	-300 ~ 400		
		N	01	0 ~1300	0 ~2300		
		*1 B	61	0 ~1800	0 ~3300		
		*3 Wre5-26	S-26	0 ~2300	0 ~4200		
		*4 PLII	PL2	0 ~1300	0 ~2300		
M u			P 1	-200 ~ 600	-300 ~1100		
l t			 P2	-100.0~ 200.0	-150.0~ 400.0		
i		*6	P3	0.0~ 100.0	0.0~ 200.0		
1		*6	. ) РЧ	-50.0~ 50.0	- 60.0~ 120.0		
n		0	PS	-100.0~ 300.0	-150.0~ 600.0		
p u			 26		-300 ~ 600		
t	Resistanc	e Bulb Pt100	-0 27	-199.9~ 300.0			
			 28	-199.9~ 600.0			
			_	0 ~ 250			
			ו קנ	-200 ~ 500	-300 ~ 900		
		*0	_92 	-100.0~ 200.0	-150.0~ 400.0		
	*6		JP3	0.0~ 100.0	0.0~ 200.0		
		*6	JP4 JP4	- 50.0~ 50.0	- 60.0~ 120.0		
			JPS	-100.0~ 300.0	-150.0~ 600.0		
			_JPS	-199.9~ 300.0	-300 ~ 600		
			רפנ	-199.9~ 500.0	-300 ~ 900		
			JP8	0 ~ 250	$0 \sim 500$		
	volatage(m	V)*7 0∼ 10	<u> </u>				
		0~100					
		*7 -10~ 10					
		0~ 20		Scaling Range : -1999	-		
		0~ 50		Span : 10~10000Digit Change of decimal poi	nt's position is possible		
V	oltage(V)	1~ 5	81	(no decimal pont, 0.1,			
	0~ 5		82				
		-1~ 1	83				
		0~ 1	84				
		0~ 2	85				
		0~ 10	88				
С	urrent(mA)	4~ 20	- <u>-</u>				
	0~ 20   <b>FR2</b>						
	thermo couple B, R, S, K, E, J, T, N : JIS/IEC resistance bulb Pt100 : JIS/IEC JPt100 : former JIS						

resis	stance bulb Pt1	100 : JIS/IEC				
	JP	t100 : former JIS				
* 1	thermo couple	Accuracy is not guaranteed below B:400°C (752°F).				
*2	thermo couple	In K, T, U, accuracy is $\pm 0.5\%$ FS for $0\sim-100$ °C (-148 °F)				
		and ± 1.0%FS if it is below-100°C				
*3	thermo couple	Wre 5-26 : Product of Hoskins Mfg. co.,				
*4	thermo couple	PLII: Platinel				
*5	thermo couple	U : DIN43710				
*6	resistance bulb	accuracy of Pt/JPt ± 50.0°C, 0.0~100.0°C is ± 0.3%FS.				
*7	voltage(mV)	0~10mV, accuracy of 0~10mV is $\pm$ 0.3% of input range.				
*Se	*Setup of factory shipment is Multi input : thermo couple H2 0-1200°C					
		Voltage input : 1-5V 🚑 ; 0.0-100.0				

Current input : 4-20mA 🚑 ; 0.0-100.0